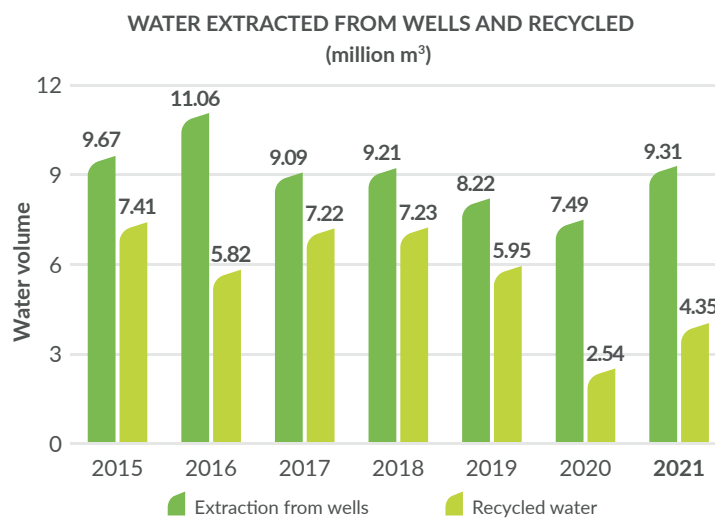


We focus our environmental management system on compliance with current regulations; the care and rational, efficient and sustainable use of natural resources; and the application of good environmental practices.

## Water

The industrial water we use in our mineral processing plant comes from the pumping in the well fields. This water is classified as saline and not suitable for human or animal consumption or irrigation. Likewise, the source of groundwater extraction is located in an area where the demand for this resource is low; hence, no water stress is generated. Nevertheless, we maintain a policy of rational use and responsible management of this resource.

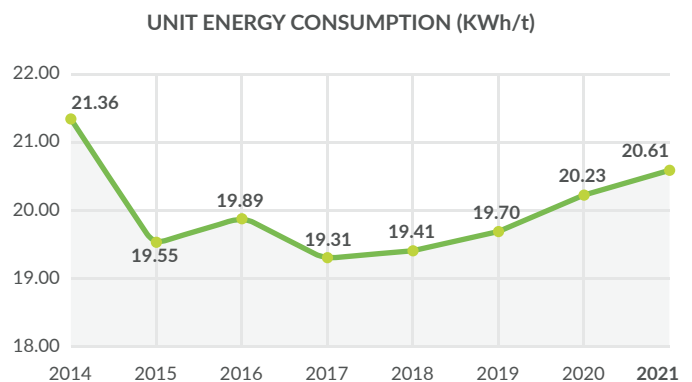
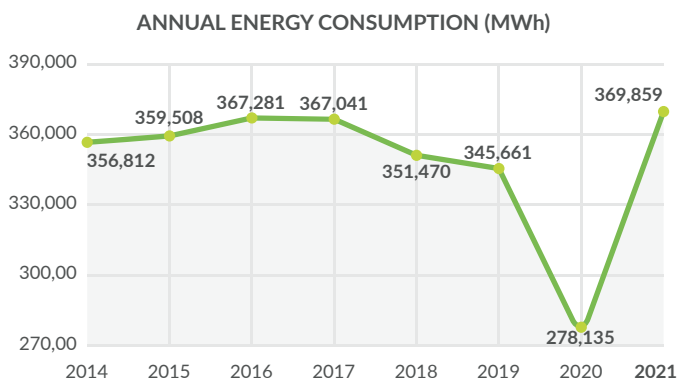
Thanks to the relative normalcy in the activities, the production of mineral concentrates increased. In turn, this led to an increase in the volume of water pumped from the well field and the volume of water recovered from the tailings deposit compared to the year before.



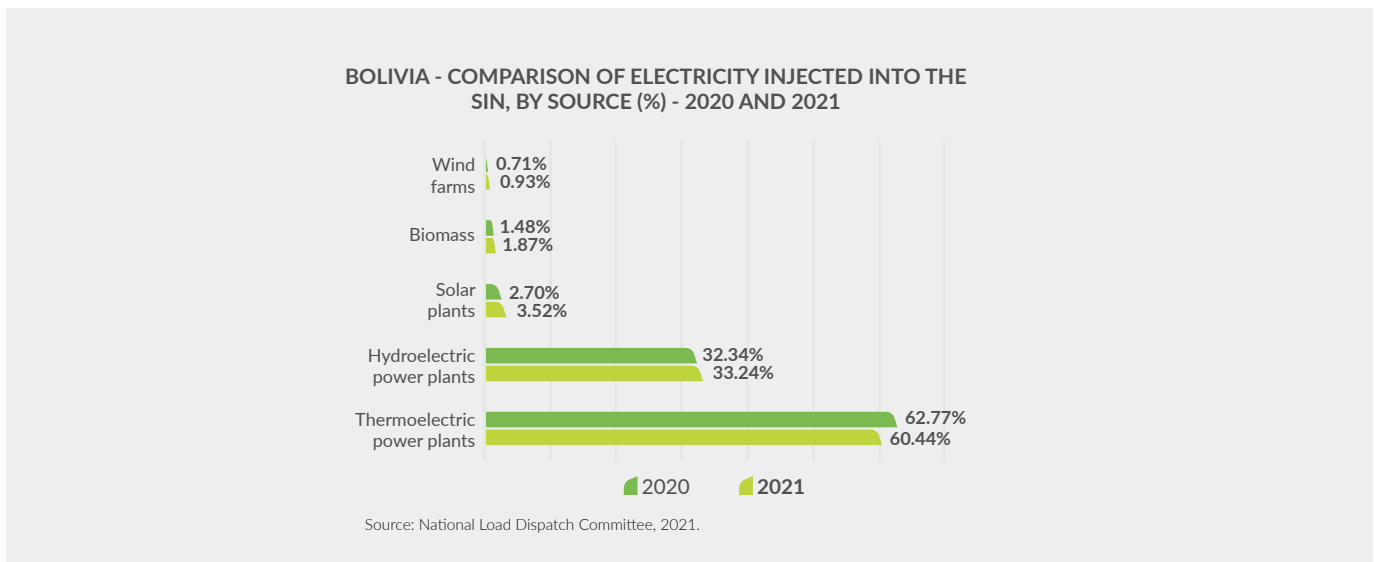
## Energy

100% of the electricity we use in our facilities is acquired from the national interconnected system. Of the total consumption, electricity accounts for 52.1%; diesel for 47.3%; and petrol for the remaining 0.6%.

Energy consumption with respect to 2020 increased by 33%, mainly due to the gradual return to normal of our production activities. However, the rate of consumption per tonne of concentrate produced increased slightly, because the tonnage of ore treated in the plant increased by 4.2 million tonnes, that is, 30.6% more than in the year before.



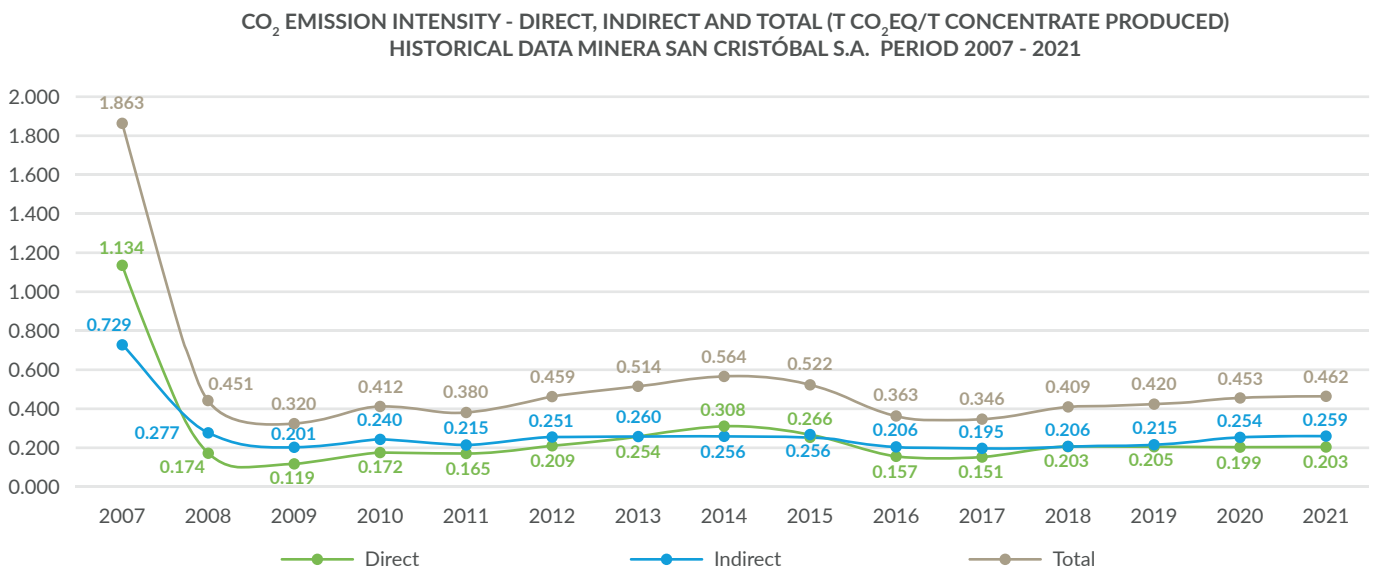
The proportion of energy injected to the national interconnected electricity system, by source of generation, was as follows:



Energy from renewable sources will account for 39.56% by 2021.

### Greenhouse gases (GHG)

The increase in the consumption of electricity and fuel in 2021 gave rise to a logical increase in total greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions. The total GHG emissions intensity rate is 0.462 t CO<sub>2</sub>eq per tonne of concentrate. The total value of the intensity of emissions is composed of the intensity of direct emissions with a value of 0.203 t CO<sub>2</sub>eq and an intensity of indirect emissions with a value of 0.259 t CO<sub>2</sub>eq.



## Waste Management

Solid waste management comprises the following stages: classification at source (separation by type of waste); collection and transport; temporary storage; and final disposal. Of the 1,659.67 t of total waste generated, 79.41% was separated for recycling and reuse, and 20.59% was separated for disposal.

